Kolbjørn Berge SVP Global Regulatory Affairs

Corvus Energy

Safety session DSM 2023 Safety Meet

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Bergen, Norway

- HQ
- Manufacturing
- Sales
- Project
- Service
- R&D

Oslo

Sales

Porsgrunn, Norway

- Sales
- R&D Service

Ålesund, Norway

Sales

•

Roskilde, Denmark

Sales

Amsterdam, Netherland

• Sales

Singapore

• Sales

Busan

Sales

Tokyo, Japan

- Sales
- Service

Vancouver, Canada

- Manufacturing
- R&D
- Sales
- Project
- Service

Bellingham, US

• Manufacturing

Seattle, US

Sales

Houston, US

• Sales

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+008

Projects

. The

>5 000 000

Operating hours

- aliteration

650+

MWh



Car and Passenger ferries



Cruise and Yachts



A Low

(Jacob)



Tugs/Workboat/ Fishing/Research







Port equipment Shore stations ++



Different products for different applications



Every technology transition in the ocean space has introduced new and different risks.

NAMES OF TAXABLE PARTY OF TAXABLE PARTY.

ONSOLIDATED EDITION 2020

 ΘLAS



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Energy

When introducing new technologies on board ships, failure scenarios should always be kept at the lowest possible level



Battery cells can, in rare, have a failures due to deviations in production or other defects that can cause a thermal runaway





The Battery Management System protects from several risks such as overcharging, over-/under voltage and high, but it can 't protect against internal short circuits





By having a system that passively handles thermal runaway on cell level, one does not rely on other systems to ensure containment of the failure



Additional systems (e.g. pumps, valves, control systems) might fail or have latent active failures. In addition, it 's an additional system to maintain. Malfunction could have severe consequences



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Safety should provide an equivalent level of safety by good design, and operational methods or procedures shouldn't be a substitute for good design



Driving Safety Further





Safety Features



Single Cell Passive Thermal Runaway Insulation Integrated thermal runaway gas exhaust system. TR gas is easily vented to external atmosphere.



Corvus ESS passive single cell TR insulation

- Thermal runaway consequences needs to be minimized on a vessel "semi confined space" as opposed to automotive with plenty escape possible
- Regulatory requirements are traditionally stronger for maritime ESS, but still room for improvement.
- Cost of safety in maritime is different compared to EV batteries and stationary ESS.





Different cells – Different properties





From «risk based» to «risk scenario based» approach

ABUSE CONDITIONS External to the ESS

- Overheat of battery room
- Mechanical impact/deformation
- Submersion/water intrusion
- External short circuit
- Overcharge/overdischarge
- Arrangement on board

FAULT CONDITIONS

Internal in the ESS

- Cell internal short circuit
- Production fault
- Sleeping faults (e.g. SW issues)





HAZARDS Posed by the ESS

- Thermal event
- Gas emission
- Electrolyte leakage
- Electric shock



RISK SCENARIOS Inherent to the ESS





Safety is a joint responsibility

Battery supplier

Battery compliant to standards and regulations on all safety aspects

Integrator

Verified seamless integration of the battery system in the vessel

Shipyard/Designer

Vessel compliant to regulations and specifications

Approval bodies

Rules, regulations, product approvals, acceptance tests, inspections etc.

Ship owner/operator

Follow up on approvals and inspection results. Operation according to specifications and approvals. Training for crew





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Thank you